

A COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT REPORT
On
**WATER FACILITIES AND DRINKING WATER
FACILITIES**

Community Service Project report submitted
in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the Degree of
BACHELOR OF SCIENCES

PODUPUREDDY HEMA
(Reg. No. 220100805024)

Under the Guidance of:

K. SWETHA
DEPARTMENT NAME



Mrs. A.V.N. College

(Affiliated to Andhra University)

Visakhapatnam - 530001

2020-2023



Mrs. A.V.N. College

(NAAC Accredited 'A' Grade Institution)

(Affiliated to Andhra University)

Date: _____

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that P.Hema
Regd.No 240252 of Mrs. A.V.N. College underwent
Community Service Project in Water facilities with special
reference to poornavardhi ^{banking availability} Visakhapatnam, Andhra
Pradesh under the guidance of physisu (mother)
from 2/1/22 to 2/1/22

The overall performance of the community service volunteer
during her / his community service is
found _____


Authorized


Model Program Book
**COMMUNITY
SERVICE
PROJECT**



Designed & Developed by



**ANDHRA PRADESH
STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION**

(A STATUTORY BODY OF GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

Instructions to Students for Community Service Project

Please read the detailed Guidelines on Community Service Project posted on the website of AP State Council of Higher Education <https://apche.ap.gov.in>

Link:

<https://apche.ap.gov.in/CMS/uploads/~28/or/~28/hr/~28/ST/~28/Internship/~28/Community/~28/service/~28/Project.pdf>

1. It is mandatory for all the students to complete 2 months (180 hours) of Community Service Project as a part of the 10-month mandatory internship/on the job training.
2. Consider yourself a committed volunteer in the community, you work with.
3. Every student should identify the village/community/habitation for Community Service Project (CSP) in consultation with the College Principal/the authorized person nominated by the Principal.
4. Report to the community/habitation as per the schedule given by the College. You must make your own arrangements for transportation to reach the community/habitation.
5. You will be assigned a Faculty Guide from your College. He/She will be creating a WhatsApp group with your fellow volunteers. Post your daily activity done and/or any difficulty you encounter during the programme.
6. You should maintain punctuality in attending the CSP. Daily attendance is compulsory.
7. You are expected to learn about the community/habitation and their problems.
8. Know the leaders and the officials of the community/habitation.
9. While in the project, always wear your College Identity Card.
10. If your College has a prescribed dress or uniform, wear the uniform daily.
11. Identify at least five learning objectives in consultation with your Faculty Guide. These learning objectives can address:
 - Information about the community, including the realities and

problems of the society.

- Need for creating awareness on socially relevant aspects/projects.
 - Acquiring specific Life Skills.
 - Learning areas of application of knowledge and technologies related to your discipline.
 - Identifying developmental needs of the community/habitations.
12. Practice professional communication skills with team members, and with the leaders and officials of the community. This includes expressing thoughts and ideas effectively through oral, written, and non-verbal communication, and utilizing listening skills.
 13. Be regular in filling up your Program Book. It shall be filled up in your own handwriting. Add additional sheets wherever necessary.
 14. At the end of Community Service Project, you shall be evaluated by the person in-charge of the community/habitation to whom you report to.
 15. There shall also be an evaluation at the end of the community service by the Faculty Guide and the Principal.
 16. Do not indulge in any political activities.
 17. Ensure that you do not cause any disturbance to the inhabitants or households during your interaction or collection of data.
 18. Be cordial but not too intimate with the people you come across during your service activities.
 19. You should understand that during this activity, you are the ambassador of your College, and your behavior during the community service programme is of utmost importance.
 20. If you are involved in any discipline related issues, you will be withdrawn from the programme immediately and disciplinary action shall be initiated.
 21. Do not forget to keep up your family pride and prestige of your College.
 22. Remember that you are rendering valuable service to the society and your role in the community development will become part of the history of the community.

Community Service Project Report

Submitted in accordance with the requirement for the degree of _____

Name of the College: MV & JVAI College

Department: Computer Science (B.Tech) (AI/ML)

Name of the Faculty Guide: K. Swetha

Duration of the CSP: from 26/07/23 to 5/08/23

Name of the Student: Ponpandey Arna

Programme of Study: Community Service Project - water facilities and availability

Year of Study: 2020-2023

Register Number: 93030805136

Date of Submission:

Student's Declaration

I, potupurthy Arun, a student of C.S.P. Program,
for the RESEARCH of the Department of Computer
MSW Andhra College College do hereby declare that I have completed
the mandatory community service from 15/01/20 to 31/01/20 in
Andhra Class of the Community/Institutions under the Faculty
Chairship of B. SURESH BABU (Physical) Class of the Faculty Chair, Department
of Physical Education Andhra College College

P. Arun
Signature and Date

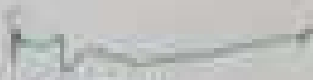
Endorsements



Faculty Guide



Head of the Department



Principal

PTS. A.V.M. COLLEGE
VUSARIKOTTA NAM

Certificate from Official of the Community

This is to certify that Persephina E. Brown (Name of the Community
Service Volunteer) Reg. No. 3203640323 (C) 1981-82 (Name of
the College) underwent community service in
Arifa (Name of the Community) from 26/9/21 to
5/10/21. The overall performance of the Community Service Volunteer during
his/her community service is found to be Good (Satisfactory/Good).

Authorized Signatory with Date and Seal



Acknowledgements

It is really matter of pleasure for me to get an opportunity to thank all the persons who contributed directly and indirectly for the successful completion of this project-report.

WATER FACILITIES AND AVAILABILITY WITH special reference chengalpet - in completion of this project Visakhapatnam District of Andhra Pradesh.

I wish to express my gratitude to all members of village and Chengalpet for giving the proper response which had been instrumental in completion of this project.

I am thankful to I am thankful to my mother Swetha bethuani as English HOD and Degree college Visakhapatnam for support and encouragement throughout project department of computer science and other faculty support during project period.

Prerna

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CHAPTER I: EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The community survey report shall have only a one-page executive summary. It shall include a brief description of the Community and summary of all the activities done by the student as CDF and list of some learning objectives and activities.

Chengalpetta, perijunction located in vishakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh.

Water is the basis of life water is an important resource, water is used by people in many ways like quality and water pressure. The institutional responsibility for water used for drinking, cooking, cleaning and other activities. Pollution include chemicals, dust, bacteria and parasites.

In my survey I have observed that many of the people are affected with water disease like diarrhoea, Typhoid etc. To control this situation Act 1994 is enacted with the object of prevention and control of pollution in India.

Objectives

Identify the ways in which human waste water can cause water pollution

* Identify contaminants that are chemical pollution

Outcomes

* Facilities should be increased

* Systems should be tested

CHAPTER 2: OVERVIEW OF THE COMMUNITY

About the Community/District/Institution, including historical profile of the community/institution, community diversity, traditions, flora and fauna
Brief note on Socio-Economic Analysis of the Community/Institution

perajunction, VVA College, road 53001 is located in
Vilakkapattanam - 117.

Here houses are placed within no plot there are
street light for each too friendly and where people
buying water cause for drinking purpose road are
very clean and clear some places are field with
dust and wastage of water which is mixed with
drinking water

Some people are using ground water for drinking
The water of this area is not purified people are
suffering from and long term diseases the not think
that water is basis of life. there are not identify
problems in future.

CHAPTER 3 COMMUNITY SERVICE PART

Description of the activities undertaken in the Community during the Community Service Project. This part should end by reflecting on what kind of values, life skills and technical skills the student acquired.

THE ACTIVITIES UNDERTAKEN IN THE COMMUNITY DURING THE COMMUNITY SERVICE PROJECT

1. Survey on socio-economic
2. Home visit survey
3. Report writing
4. Awareness programme
5. Awareness created
6. Submit the report
7. Report the project

VALUES, LIFE SKILLS and TECHNICAL SKILLS

1. The team work and problem solving skills
2. The ability to communicate effectively with them

3. The collaborative nature of project also reinforces the social and emotional learning program

4. people in learning environments have a wider and more diverse social circle

5. those who learn skills in past learn along what they have learned and not

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE FIRST WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Person in Charge / Signature
Day - 1	Few houses are using municipal water	Drinking municipal water	
Day - 2	many water getting water from well	Facilities should be installed	
Day - 3	Few houses getting water from outside but many people getting municipal water	Household should be called here	
Day - 4	Many people are drinking mineral water due to low water quality	Quality of water should be increased	
Day - 5	Some municipal water is having repair in water	Facilities should be increased	
Day - 6	many people are drinking bore water and using it for drinking too	Water supply should be increased	

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - I From (Date) _____ to (Date) _____

Objective of the Activity Done




Detailed Report

In chongabazita area, the water supply is too low some people are getting fire oil is mixed with water of pesticides and soil in the water. The water is heated for drinking purpose.

people are suffering from joint pain, fever, cold and cough and the some long term diseases. some people are not getting required amount of water for drinking and usage.

In this colony, the water quality is low and most of the people are unaware of disease they are getting from drinking water. Sometimes water is mixed with waste like flower powder. Some times water get polluted. Some body

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE SECOND WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Parent In-Charge Signature
Day-1	In evening at pith area, few people are suffering from water related	Acessment should be provided	
Day-2	Few people are suffering from joint pain and leg cramps	Activities should be increased	
Day-3	In Pith Junction road, some people are getting used water with bad smell	Water supply should be increased	
Day-4	In pith area, street people are getting water related problems	Quality should be increased	
Day-5	In western street during some water due to low water supply	water supply should be increased	
Day-6	In pith street getting water from municipal corporation	Supply of water should be increased	

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 2 From Date _____ to Date _____

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report:






Some people are getting water from outside due to mixing of drinking water with drainage water. They are getting some quality water. Some people are depending on ground water due to low quality of people.

In rainy season the people are drinking water with weed and dust particles. The people are suffering from lower joint pain and some kidney problems.

Finally there is no proper water supply. Quality of water is too low. People are aware of diseases. Some people are not using municipal water because of that.

Some of people are working and not getting water from municipal corporation. They are getting water from outside and for drinking they are getting mineral water by themselves.

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE THIRD WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcomes	Person In-Charge Signature
Day -1	Many have been suffering from joint pain and I my team aware	Quality should be increased	
Day -2	Few people drinking home water and also like from making	Personal should be checked in people	
Day -3	In an colony people start people getting mineral like particles	Should have to create another people patients	
Day -4	Many people are drinking water with mixed blood particles	Purity of mixing blending water should be created	
Day -5	Most of people getting water from outside due to water quality	Quality of water should be increased	
Day -6	Few people drinking home water and some suffering from health issues	Water supply quality should be increased	

WEEKLY REPORT

DATE : 1 / 11 / 2022

Objective of the Activity / Place

Visited Region

Agricultural fields medicinal and herbal water is mixed with local drinking water because of this they are getting water from through the mineral water etc, water purity is also very low

In simple words people are getting water with mix of bleaching powder in high quality. Due to this, some people are getting health issue like fever, cold, kidney problems etc, In Jambua Street, people are conscious of disease they are getting low quality of water supply is low and people with large they are not getting required amount of water. People are using water come from outside and it with the high amount

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE FORTHCOMER

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Parent In-Charge Signature
Day-1	Most of the people are getting mineral water in panga junction	people using mineral water to drink	[Signature]
Day-2	Few people are drinking municipal water in their area	Facility should be created	[Signature]
Day-3	Some people are drinking underground water and using it for cooking purposes	facilities should be created in that area	[Signature]
Day-4	A very few people are affordable to get water	People in some area use of their	[Signature]
Day-5	In some streets of Panga junction there is a water provision	Some people are suffering from stomach ache due to drinking of water	[Signature]
Day-6	Some people are affordable to get their water	Some people are affordable to drink the municipal water	[Signature]

WEEKLY REPORT

Week - 8 from 14 _____ to 14 _____

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report:

In Pongajurdi Peoples are drinking municipal water. Some people are protesting against water by boiling.

They are not getting proper drinking water. Some water were mixed with the drinking water. Some people are getting water with need particles which are not used for drinking but for domestic use.

Water is not supplied properly. It required amount of time people are suffering with some the diseases and some long term disease.

People are not aware of disease they are getting from drinking the polluted water. In some area there are some major drainage leakage problems and water get poisoning because of that.

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE FIFTH WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Person In-Charge Signature
Day-1	Most of the people are drinking municipal water and suffering from joint pain	It is particularly awareness should be created	☞
Day-2	Many people are getting low water supply and getting water from outside	Water supply should be increased	☞
Day-3	Most of the people are drinking mineral water and suffering	Water supply should be increased	☞
Day-4	Many people are getting municipal water with high micro-biological pollution	People are unaware of all covered they are getting	☞
Day-5	Few people drinking low water and using it for drinking too	Awareness should be created	☞
Day-6	People getting health issues and some long term diseases due to low water quality	Awareness should be created and quality of water	☞

WEEKLY REPORT

WEEK - 1 From 18/11/2023 to 24/11/2023

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report:

In Chengalpeta, they are not using municipal water and they are getting water problems outside like bore water, mineral water and some other qualities of water.

The quality of water is not good, some population is mixed with drinking water.

It is also observed that some residential areas like Poojapuram including a couple of slum areas like Jalaripeta areas contain aquifers with high degree of hydrologic vulnerability. Most of the sectors of the Jagadamba and study other residential areas in the study areas have a high degree of dense class due to this, the people are getting some health diffeafal.

ACTIVITY LOG FOR THE SIXTH WEEK

Day & Date	Brief description of the daily activity	Learning Outcome	Points to Change Signature
Day - 1	Most of the people are drinking municipal water and collecting from just point	In paya junction treatment should be created	R
Day - 2	Many people are getting low water supply and getting water	water supply should be increased	R
Day - 3	Most of the people are drinking mineral water and having good water	water supply should be increased	R
Day - 4	Many people are getting municipal water mixed pipes	people are unaware of disease they are getting	R
Day - 5	Few people drinking low water and using it for cooking	A summer should be created	R
Day - 6	People getting health issues and have long term diseases due to low water quality	Treatment should be created and quality of water should be increased	R

Objective of the Activity Done:

Detailed Report:

In Chonglaxeta, they are not using municipal water and they are getting water problems outside like low water, mineral water and some other qualities of water.

The quality of water is not good, some pollutants are mixed with drinking water. It is also inferred that some residential areas like Pongjancher including a couple of them area like areas contain aquifers with high degree of hydrologic vulnerability.

Most of the sectors of the jagadamba and study area in the study areas have a high degree of PNASM use. Due to this, the people are getting some health diseases.

CHAPTER 5 OUTCOMES DESCRIPTION

Details of the Socio-Economic Survey of the Village/Habitations. Attach the questionnaire prepared for the survey.

1. Name of the person?
2. Name of the village (or) town?
3. Gender and Age of the person?
4. Type of family [Nuclear / Joint / Extended]?
5. What is your Door Number?
6. Which source of drinking water are available in your neighbourhood?
7. Which source does your house hold use?
8. Is there frequency sufficient for your needs?
9. Any water born diseases in your house?
10. Is any of your family members suffering from joint pain?
11. Name of the medicine frequently used in the family?
12. Public and drinking water source how much?
13. How is drinking water purified?
14. What impact do humans have on the aquatic life zone?
15. Water born diseases ^{experienced} in the last 5 years?

Describe the problems you have identified in the community

Contaminated water and poor sanitation are linked to transmission of diseases such as cholera, diarrhoea, dysentery, hepatitis, Typhoid and polio. Inadequate or inappropriately managed water and sanitation services expose individuals to preventable health risks. This is infection hygiene service taking globally 15% of patients develop an infection during a hospital stay with the proportion much greater in low income countries

Inadequate management of urban, industrial and agriculture waste water poses the drinking water of hundreds of million of people is dangerously contaminated or chemically polluted natural presence of chemicals particularly in ground water is complex, the lead may be elevated in drinking as a result of leaching from water supply components

Short-term and long-term action plan for possible solutions for the problems identified and that could be recommended to the concerned authorities for implementation.

possible solutions for the problem identified:

- waste water treatment
- plastic waste reduction
- water conservation
- Install a water efficient in your home
- specific tanks
- Avoid using the toilets as a waste basket
- Digging water wells
- Green Agriculture

solution:

- Before raw sewage can be safely released back into the environment, it needs to be treated correctly in a water treatment plant and chemical process to reduce the amount of toxicity of the water.
- The final stage of treatment is the tertiary phase. This stage must almost all solid particles are removed, additives water are supplied to get rid off any left overs.

Description of the Community awareness programmes conducted w.r.t the problems and their outcomes.

Awareness about water: public water conservation campaign & raise awareness in all level of society about importance of saving water to cope with its scarcity and ensure sustainability. The aim is to change citizen attitude and behaviour to improve water efficiency awareness program

S.No.	Name of program	mode	Date
1.	Awareness program on water conservation	door to door, newspaper program	09/9/2022
2.	Community based water resource management	brush station phone in program	15/10/22
3.	on occasion of world water day Jalada madhya Jalada krantya	brush station phone in program	29/10/22

Report of the mini-project work done in the related subject was the habitation/village.

A mini-project work in the related subject was at the habitation/village. For ex., a student of Botany may do a project on Organic Farming or Horticulture or usage of bio-fertilizers or bio-pesticides or effect of the fungicide pesticides, etc. A student of Zoology may do a project on Aquaculture practices or animal husbandry or quality of health and hygiene or Blood group analysis or survey on the Hypertension or survey on the prevalence of Diabetes, etc.

The Report shall be limited to 4-12 pages.

Water Facilities are all those devices used in the capacity treatment or distribution of water for domestic and other legal uses, including systems of raw water distribution, storage reservoirs, deep well shafts with pumping ventilation and gauging stations, inlet tanks, canals, transmission and distribution lines, galleries, hydraulic meters, and filtration and treatment plants and works, all pumping power and other equipments, all pumping, power and other equipments all extensions, improvements, remodeling, alteration and reconstruction there and any all right or interests in such water facilities.

→ An Analysis of current water supply system may reveal facts. The water body has water when it comes to treated tap water supply access to water today lacks and much more safety and quality of water population.

→ DWS is not aware of other facilities including the availability of safe drinking water
dries and down comes most of them

→ Investments to rural India increased from
Rs. 31,300 crore (2001-04) to Rs. 67,150 crore (2003-06)
But still have huge backlog

Major uses of water consumption:

Water primarily used for thermoelectric power (45%),
Industry (32%), public supply (10%), irrig. in agricultural
(15%) and agriculture (21%) in the United States. The
water demands are expected to increase in a changing
climate due to changes in temperature and precipitation

Water use types:

The use of water may be classified by specific type
according to distinctive uses, such as the following:

1. Commercial water use
2. Domestic water use
3. Thermoelectric power water use
4. Irrigation water use
5. Livestock water use
6. Mining water use
7. Navigational water use

Other water uses:

1. public water use [same as utility water use]
2. residential water use [same as domestic water use]
3. Rural water use
4. Thermoelectric power water use

WATER AVAILABILITY:

Water is constantly moving on the earth between the atmosphere, ocean, rivers and streams, snow packs and ice sheets and undergoes water availability. Both as surface water and ground water is essential for agriculture, human consumption, industry and energy generation.

Fresh water is available as available as surface water (such as lakes, rivers, reservoirs) and ground water (found underground in rock on all layers and accessed through wells or natural spring). The quality of water at affect the availability of fresh water in addition to the direct demands people place on them.

Why does water availability matter?

As the water is vital for agriculture, human consumption, industry and energy, ground water and used up as contaminated beyond use. If there more expensive water issue.

How does geoscience help inform decisions on water availability?

A. Geo scientists study how water moves in order to locate and quantify the surface water and underground water. They use models to predict how much water will be available under different scenarios of climate and local demand. They also explore alternative water sources like water recycling and desalination of water.

Resource of water:

1. Ground water Basic information:

Basic information on the science of ground water, human interaction with ground water (wells, ground water department and overuse) ground water quality (pesticides, contaminants, water well contamination) use of groundwater (recession of water measurement, ground discussion and the water cycle and more to us in groundwater data. This is a ground water information

2. Surface water information:

Basic information on the source of surface water, surface water, surface water treatment (plants, drought, storms) surface water quality (runoff, effluents, rainfall/runoff) storm water utilization and water quality [analysis on surface water and the links to surface water data]

3. Alternative water information:

Information on alternative water supplies, stormwater, reclaimed waste water and more with further resources and case study example box each

Water resources is mostly important sources of water for water and more with further resources and case study example for our availability

Water is at the center economic and development is vital to maintain health grow food, manage the environment.

Water Quality:

- According to the World Health Organisation, 2017 report, safe drinking water that has not improved not represent any significant risk to health over a life time of consumption, including different sensitivities that may occur b/w stages
- physical parameters affect the aesthetic and taste of the drinking water and complicate the removal of microbial pathogens
- Microbiological parameters include coliform bacteria & col. and specific pathogenic species of bacteria, viral and protozoan parasites
- perfluorinated alkylated substances (PFAS) and variety of consumer products, such as food packaging, water proof fabrics, carpeting and cookware. These chemicals have been detected in blood, both humans and animals across wide etc.

Water pollution:

Water pollution (or) aquatic pollution is the contamination of waterbodies mostly as a result of human activities so that it negatively affects. It is in water bodies including lakes, rivers, oceans, reservoirs and ground water pollution occurs when contaminants are introduced into these water bodies. Water pollution can be attributed to one point source sewage discharge, industrial activities, agricultural runoff and urban runoff of including other sources.

It can be grouped into surface water pollution (or) ground water pollution for example releasing inadequately treated waste water into a natural water body can lead to degradation of these aquatic ecosystem. Water pollution can also lead to water born disease for people using polluted water for drinking, washing etc.

CHAPTER 6 - RECOMMENDATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS OF THE MINT PROJECT

Recommendation :-

- Small water entire phases (SWEP) :-
To complete piped water supply
- Piped water supply = pilot 24/7 water supply
Initiative and build local capacity
- Digital tools - improve E-governance for
digital tools

Conclusion :-

Only a few of which are discussed here rivers
and streams demonstrate some capacity to recover
from the effects of siltation

But lakes, bays, ponds, sluggish, rivers and streams
have little resistance to the effects of water
pollution

There is need to identify a water conservation
and demand strategy for enable municipality

There is a need for research and development in
potential water use saving facilities and technologies

Student Self-Evaluation for the Community Service Project

Student Name: *P. J. Jones*

Registration No.: *03 01208185134*

Period of CSE From: To: *1/01/07 to 1/01/08*

Date of Evaluation:

Please rate your performance in the following areas:

Rating Scale: Letter grade of CGPA calculation to be provided

1	Oral communication	1	2	3	4	5
2	Written communication	1	2	3	4	5
3	Productivity	1	2	3	4	5
4	Interaction ability with community	1	2	3	4	5
5	Positive Attitude	1	2	3	4	5
6	Self-confidence	1	2	3	4	5
7	Ability to learn	1	2	3	4	5
8	Work Plan and organization	1	2	3	4	5
9	Entrepreneurship	1	2	3	4	5
10	Creativity	1	2	3	4	5
11	Quality of work done	1	2	3	4	5
12	Time Management	1	2	3	4	5
13	Understanding the Community	1	2	3	4	5
14	Achievement of Desired Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5
15	OVERALL PERFORMANCE	1	2	3	4	5

Name:

P. J. Jones
Signature of the Student

PHOTOS & VIDEO LINKS



Internal Evaluation for the Community Service Project

Objectives:

- To facilitate an understanding of the issues that confront the vulnerable / marginalized sections of society.
- To initiate team processes with the student groups for societal change.
- To provide students an opportunity to familiarize themselves with the urban / rural community they live in.
- To enable students to engage in the development of the community.
- To plan activities based on the focused groups.
- To know the ways of transforming society through systematic programme implementation.

Assessment Model:

- There shall only be internal evaluations.
- The Faculty Guide assigned is in-charge of the learning activities of the students and for the comprehensive and continuous assessment of the students.
- The assessment is to be conducted for 100 marks.
- The number of credits assigned is 4. Later the marks shall be converted into grades and grade points to include finally in the SGPA and CGPA.
- The weightings shall be:

• Activity Log	20 marks
• Community Service Project Implementation	30 marks
• Mini Project Work	25 marks
• Oral Presentation	25 marks
- Activity Log is the record of the day-to-day activities. The Activity Log is assessed on an individual basis, thus allowing for individual members within groups to be assessed this way. The assessment will take into consideration the individual student's involvement in the assigned work.
- While evaluating the student's Activity Log, the following shall be considered -
 - a. The individual student's effort and commitment.
 - b. The originality and quality of the work produced by the individual student.
 - c. The student's integration and co-operation with the work assigned.
 - d. The completeness of the Activity Log.
- The assessment for the Community Service Project implementation shall include the following components and based on Weekly Reports and

Internal Evaluation for the Community Service Project

Objectives:

- To facilitate an understanding of the issues that confront the vulnerable / marginalized sectors of society.
- To initiate team processes with the student groups for societal change.
- To provide students an opportunity to familiarize themselves with the actual / real community they live in.
- To enable students to engage in the development of the community.
- To plan activities based on the focused groups.
- To know the ways of transforming society through systematic, programmatic implementation.

Assessment Model:

- There shall only be internal evaluation.
- The Faculty Guide assigned is in-charge of the learning activities of the students and for the comprehensive and continuous assessment of the students.
- The assessment is to be conducted for 100 marks.
- The number of credits assigned is 4. Later the marks shall be converted into grades and grade points to include finally in the SCIPA and CCIPA.
- The weightings shall be:

• Activity Log	20 marks
• Community Service Project Implementation	30 marks
• Mini Project Work	25 marks
• Oral Presentation	25 marks
- Activity Log is the record of the day-to-day activities. The Activity Log is assessed on an individual basis, thus allowing for individual members within groups to be assessed this way. The assessment will take into consideration the individual student's involvement in the assigned work.
- While evaluating the student's Activity Log, the following shall be considered -
 - a. The individual student's effort and commitment.
 - b. The originality and quality of the work produced by the individual student.
 - c. The student's integration and co-operation with the work assigned.
 - d. The completeness of the Activity Log.
- The assessment for the Community Service Project Implementation shall include the following components and based on Weekly Reports and

MARKS STATEMENT
(To be used by the Examiners)

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT STATEMENT

Name Of the student: *Priyanka*

Programme of Study: *Water Safety and Availability*

Year of Study: *2021 - 2022*

Group: *BSC*

Register No/ID No: *178020190111*

Name of the College: *MSU - Kuvempu*

University: *Shri Mataiji University*

Sl.No	Evaluative Criteria	Maximum Marks	Marks Awarded
1	Activity Log	20	
2	Community Service Project Implementation	30	
3	Mini Project Work	25	
4	Oral Presentation	25	
	GRAND TOTAL	100	

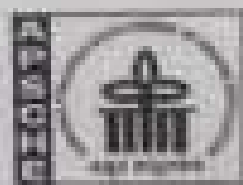
Date:

Signature of the Faculty Guide

Certified by

Date:
Sl.No:

Signature of the Head of the Department/Principal



**ANDHRA PRADESH
STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION**

(A Statutory Body of the Government of Andhra Pradesh)

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